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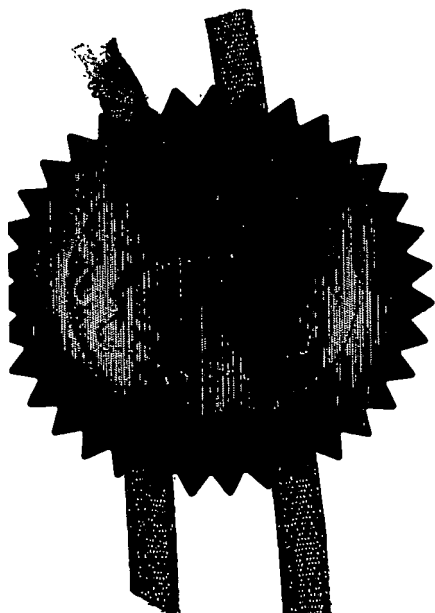
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GB 0226002.4

By virtue of a direction given under Section 30 of the Patents Act 1977, the application is proceeding in the name of:

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12 Northumberland Way,
ERITH,
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DA8 3NN,
United Kingdom

[ADP No. 08570707001]



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WJN/P9317GB

2. Patent application number

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0226002.4

08MNU02 F761843-1 D00571
1/7700 0.00-0226002.4

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Home Networking Ltd.
12 Northumberland Way
Erith
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DA8 3NN

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

United Kingdom

SECTION 30 (1977 ACT) APPLICATION FILED 19/9/03
8801538001

4. Title of the invention

Surveillance Device

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

W. H. Beck, Greener & Co.

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

W. H. Beck, Greener & Co.
7 Stone Buildings
Lincoln's Inn
London WC2A 3SZ

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

323001

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Country

Priority application number
(if you know it)

Date of filing
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- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
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Description 13

Claim(s) 0

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

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11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

Beck, Green

Date 07.11.02

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Mr. William J. Neobard - (020) 7405 0921

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SURVEILLANCE DEVICE

The present invention relates to a surveillance device, a surveillance structure, a surveillance system and
5 a method of watching over an area.

Surveillance devices using imaging techniques are well known in the art. One prior art security device contains a camera for collecting image data, and a control device
10 responsive to the collected data to cause the camera to track a moving subject. Typically the control device operates to cause the image collection device to pan and/or tilt so as to follow a subject falling within the field of view of the pick-up device. The control device includes a
15 servo motor and a processing circuit that detects movement within an image and which provides control signals to the motor to turn the image pick-up device to follow the movement.

20 The known device uses circuitry which requires calibration and which is responsive to ageing and environmental effects. It is thus necessary to recalibrate the circuitry on a regular basis if the correct information is to be picked up. Another problem with the known device
25 is that it is vulnerable to distraction. Since the device is primarily responsive to data within the current field of view, one subject can enter the field of view and retain the attention of the device by suitable movements while the activities of a second subject out of the field of view
30 remain undetected.

It would be advantageous to provide a device embodiments of which would be capable of avoiding the above-mentioned difficulties.

5 According to a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a surveillance device comprising a support constructed and arranged to be secured to a structure, a first image collection device secured to the support, a second image collection device and a servo
10 motor, the second image collection device being moveable with respect to the support by the servo motor, the second image collection device having an optical axis whereby the servo motor is constructed and arranged to regulate the direction of the optical axis of the second image
15 collection device.

The first image collection device may comprise plural camera devices.

20 In an embodiment, the first image collection device is fixed to the support in use and is constructed and arranged permanently to monitor a scene. Data collected from the first image collection device are processed and used to control the servo motor when an event is detected. In
25 embodiments where a high speed servo motor is provided, the second image collection device can respond to more than one event of interest detected by the first image collection device, the response being to cycle between the detected events.

30

The device may comprise a processor having a first port connected to receive data representative of images collected by the first and second image collection devices,

the second port connected to the servo motor for control thereof and a third port connected to a data input/output interface device.

- 5 Where the device operates using only digital signals, the need for recalibration can be entirely or substantially avoided.

10 In one embodiment, the first and second image collection devices each include respective embedded processing circuitry, each embedded processing circuitry being connected to communicate with the first port of the processor device.

- 15 In one embodiment the processor device is operable to monitor data received from the embedded processing device of the first image collection device and, in response thereto, to supply commands to the servo motor via the second port.

20 In another embodiment, the processor device converts data received from the first and second image collection devices using a communications protocol into a pulse stream for output at the third port.

- 25 The second image collection device may have a zoom input, and a field of view be variable in dependence on a control signal at the zoom input.

30 The second image collection device may have a tilt input, and a field of view be variable in dependence on a control signal at the tilt input.

According to a second aspect of the present invention there is provided a surveillance system comprising the surveillance device in accordance with the first aspect and
5 a computer remote from the surveillance device, the system further comprising a communications device interconnecting the surveillance device and the remote computer.

In one embodiment the communications device comprises
10 an Ethernet cable. In another embodiment the communications device comprises a wireless communication system.

In one embodiment the wireless communication system
15 comprises a radio channel.

According to a third aspect of the invention there is provided a method of watching over an area using a surveillance device having a first spatially fixed image
20 collection device and a second image collection device having a movable field of view, the device having an output for image data, the method comprising using the first image collection device to observe the area to detect movement; upon detection of movement, transferring signals from the
25 first image collection device to the output, said signals representative of an image of at least a location where said movement takes place, and controlling the field of view of the second image collection device to observe the location where said movement takes place; and, transferring
30 signals from said second image collection device, said signals being representative of an image of said location where said movement takes place at least while said movement is detected.

According to a fourth aspect of the invention there is provided a surveillance device having plural spatially fixed camera devices, each spatially fixed camera device having a fixed field of view, at least one further camera device, the at least one further camera device having a field of view movable in space, and processing circuitry operable in response to signals from at least one of said plural spatially fixed camera devices to cause the field of view of the at least one further camera device to include a given area.

According to a fifth aspect of the invention there is provided a surveillance structure comprising a support having plural socket devices secured thereto each for receiving a respective camera and at least one further socket device for receiving a further camera, the or each further socket device being coupled to the support via a motor drive constructed and arranged to move the further socket device in rotation about the support, the surveillance device further comprising a respective electrical connector device for each socket device and further socket device, a further electrical connection device for receiving a device for communicating with said socket devices and further socket devices, and communication network circuitry interconnecting said electrical connector devices.

Further circuitry may connect the further electrical connection device to the motor drive.

The device for communicating with said socket devices and further socket devices may comprise an intelligent hub device.

5 An advantage of this structure is that it can be embodied as a "one size suits all" structure in which only those sockets needed for the area being scrutinized are in fact occupied by fixed reference cameras. The structure can be such that cameras can simply be manually plugged in
10 to the electrical connections and the structure then supports the cameras. The electrical communication network may be self configuring with a "plug and play" type of set-up to cope with different numbers and locations of cameras.

15 Exemplary embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:-

Figure 1 shows a schematic perspective view of a surveillance device embodying the invention;

20 Figure 2 shows a view similar to that of Figure 1 with cameras removed; and

Figure 3 shows a block schematic representation of a surveillance system embodying the present invention.

25 Referring to Figure 1 a surveillance device 1 has a support 2 which is constructed and arranged to be secured to a structure, for example to a support pole or to a bracket secured to a building. The support of this embodiment includes three spaced generally circular plates
30 2a, 2b, 2c. A first image collection device 3 here consists of 8 discrete digital camera devices 4-11 (8-11 not visible in the drawing) disposed circumferentially about the support 2 with each digital camera device providing a 48

degree field of view. The first image collection device is disposed between the first and second plates 2a,2b. The presently described embodiment provides 360 degree vision, the field of vision of the cameras providing a small degree of mutual overlap. In other embodiments, fewer cameras will be provided. For example if the surveillance device is secured to a building, it may be necessary to provide only 180 degrees of vision, in which case only four cameras need be provided, or 90 degrees in which case only two cameras are needed.

The surveillance device 1 further includes a second image collection device 20 here disposed under the first image collection device 3, and between the second and third plates 2b,2c. The second image collection device 20 is likewise a digital camera having a 48 degree field of view, the camera 20 being capable of pan, tilt and zoom action. The tilt and zoom functions may be provided digitally for example by known image processing techniques, or may be by physical movements of components within the camera or of the camera 20 itself. The pan function is provided by a servo motor (75, see Figure 2) which drives the camera 20 around the support as shown by arrows A and B in Figure 1. As the present embodiment relates to a surveillance device capable of 360 degree surveillance, the camera 20 is capable of 360 degree rotation about the support 2. Where less than 360 degree vision is required, the camera 20 may be limited in movement, either physically or by virtue of a control program.

30

Although the present embodiment only shows a single camera 20, it would be possible to provide further cameras similar to the camera 20 and each capable of mutually

independent pan, tilt and zoom where a high traffic is expected. The servo motor 75 is selected together with the weight of the camera 20 to allow rapid panning of the camera so as to allow the camera to switch between
5 different detected events.

A support 2 embodying the invention is shown in Figure 2, with the cameras removed. The first, second and third circular plates 2a, 2b, 2c are spaced apart along a central
10 column 100 along the axes of the plates. A cylindrical wall 101 is disposed between the first and second plates 2a, 2b. The wall 101 defines eight identical sockets 102-109 (four only visible) disposed regularly around its periphery. The sockets 102-109 afford housings for cameras
15 4-11, which can be mounted to the support by insertion into the sockets. The support contains electrical circuitry with connectors in each socket to allow communication and control, as will later be described with respect to Figure 3. In the present embodiment, the support as delivered
20 includes removable blanking plates covering each socket. The blanking plates are removed and cameras in the number needed for the application are inserted into the selected sockets.

25 Continuing to refer to Figure 2, a second cylindrical wall 110, extends downwardly from the second plate 2b and a third cylindrical wall 111 extends upwardly from the third plate 2c, the cylindrical walls 110, 111 leaving between them a slot 112 of constant width. A camera mount 120
30 extends through the slot 112, and is driven in rotation about the column 100 by means of the servo motor 75 (not visible). The camera mount 120 includes an electrical connector for a camera and, similarly to the sockets 102-

109 acts to support a manually-inserted camera. As noted above, the device 2 can be extended by addition of further movable cameras by adding a further circular plate with slot-providing cylindrical walls.

5

In the described embodiment, a dome covers the support and provides weather-proofing in use. Where no dome is provided, the removable covers may provide weather-proofing and the slot 112 may have a gasket arrangement.

10

In Figure 3 an embodiment having only a first image collection device with only two digital cameras 4,5 and a single camera 20 forming the second image collection device is shown. Each of the cameras 4,5 consists of a respective lens 40,50, a respective image pick-up device 41,51, for example a CCD pick-up, and respective embedded processing circuitry 42,52. The embedded processing circuitry 42,52 includes on-chip memory storing instructions necessary for operation of the processing circuitry. Each of the digital cameras 4,5 has additionally embedded processing circuitry 42,52 connected via a LAN connection 80 which enables the image collection devices to output collected data. The LAN 80 extends to an intelligent hub device 70 which receives information from each of the image pick-up devices 4,5.

25

In the present embodiment, each device on the LAN has its own time slot and communication is thus cyclic. Other techniques can be substituted for this - for example, there may be a priority allotted to some devices, or a token ring communication protocol can be used. The way the LAN communicates may be chosen according to the system architecture - for example in embodiments where the intelligence is well-distributed regular communication may

30

be less essential than in embodiments where centralised control is provided.

The camera 20, similarly to the cameras 4,5 also
5 includes a lens 60, an image pick-up 61 and embedded processing circuitry 62. The camera 20 is controlled in rotation about the support 2 by the servo motor 75, which is connected to, and controlled from, an output port 71 of the hub device 70 via a bus connection 72. The camera 20
10 also receives signals from a control bus 73,74, here shown as two separate buses for clarity so as to effect the zoom and tilt of the camera 20. In this embodiment, the bus 73 controls a digital zoom feature of the camera and the bus 74 controls a digital tilt feature. However, it would
15 alternatively be possible to provide a moving zoom lens and a second servo motor to physically tilt the camera 20 if preferred. The buses 73 and 74 connect to a further port 76 of the hub 70.

20 The hub further has a data input/output interface port 76, which connects here via an Ethernet link 90 to a remote computer 200. The remote computer 200 includes a processor 201 running a program shown symbolically as block 202 and is connected to a store device such as hard disk 203 to
25 store information on the hard disk, the information being derived from that provided over the Ethernet link 90.

In other embodiments, the Ethernet link 90 is replaced or supplemented by a wireless data link, or by another
30 wired bus system, for example a USB. In these cases an interface device will be required between the surveillance device 1 and the communication channel and the communication channel and the computer 200.

In operation, the cameras 4,5 monitor a 90 degree angle. The hub 70 operates the LAN 80 on a clocked basis and cyclically connects between the pick-up devices 4,5.

5 The embedded processing circuitry 42,52 in the described embodiment includes firmware as previously discussed, for image analysis so that data output to the LAN 80 consist only of significant information. That is to say, the imaging output over the LAN 80 is compressed image data

10 rather than raw data, for example such that the data represents only motion data. The processing circuitry 42,52 converts the data into the correct form for the LAN, e.g. to IP data. The firmware may also carry out supervisory and control functions, for example adjusting

15 operation for varying light conditions.

In other embodiments the processing circuitry 42,52 does not run such firmware and merely acts to convert the data received from the CCD devices 41,51 into the correct

20 protocol for the LAN 80.

Again in the present embodiment, the intelligent hub 70 acts a server to the LAN with the cameras 4,5,20 acting as clients. The hub is programmed to respond to data on

25 the LAN 80 indicative of movement in the area under observation and in response thereto controls the servo motor 105 and the tilt and zoom buses 73,74 to cause the camera 20 to home in on the movement. In this embodiment the hub 70 is programmed to assess the size of the moving

30 subject by assessing the size of the moving subject in terms of pixels and the amount of zoom currently applied. The device may be programmed to ignore subjects of less than a threshold size, so as to disregard moving leaves,

birds and the like. However, in other embodiments, all moving subjects may be tracked by the camera 20.

The hub 70, in any event, converts the incoming data
5 from the LAN 80 to the relevant format for the
communication link 90, so that all movement data is
provided to the computer 200. In the computer 200, the
data are provided to the processor 201 and processed by the
software 202. The data are then stored on the hard drive
10 203. The hard drive is written to in a recirculating form
so that once the hard drive reaches a given state of
fullness, rewriting starts at the earliest entry.

Although the present embodiment has been described as
15 having substantial intelligence built into the surveillance
device 1, specifically the computer 200 could represent the
intelligence in the system, and the processing devices in
the image pick-up devices, the camera and the hub could
merely reformat data.

20

It would alternatively be possible to provide all of
the intelligence in the camera itself and confine the
functionality of the computer 200 to recording data.

25 Power may be provided for the device 1 from a mains
power supply, by power over Ethernet, by the use of
photovoltaic cells, wind turbines or otherwise as known.

The presence of the two fixed cameras 4,5 in the
30 embodiment (more cameras in embodiments where a wider range
of observation is needed) means that the area being
observed is constantly under observation. The device is
programmed to cause the moving camera 20 to shuttle between

multiple moving subjects if these are in different zones of the area, and to forward image data of the activities of each subject for recording. Where a relatively busy area is being observed, plural moving cameras are provided, and
5 each camera may be allotted particular subjects using an algorithm to increase observation efficiency. Hence if two cameras are provided and five subjects are moving, the device may divide the subjects by location to minimise camera movement, or zoom/tilt changes.

10

Although the described embodiment uses cameras with all associated circuitry on-board, camera costs may be reduced by providing the embedded processing circuitry 42,52 as part of the support device itself, along with the
15 LAN and hub. In other embodiments, the circuitry of the support includes only the LAN wiring, the intelligent hub, and sockets for cameras having their own on-board processing.

20 An embodiment of the present invention has been described with particular reference to the example illustrated. However, it will be appreciated that variations and modifications may be made to the example described within the scope of the present invention.

25

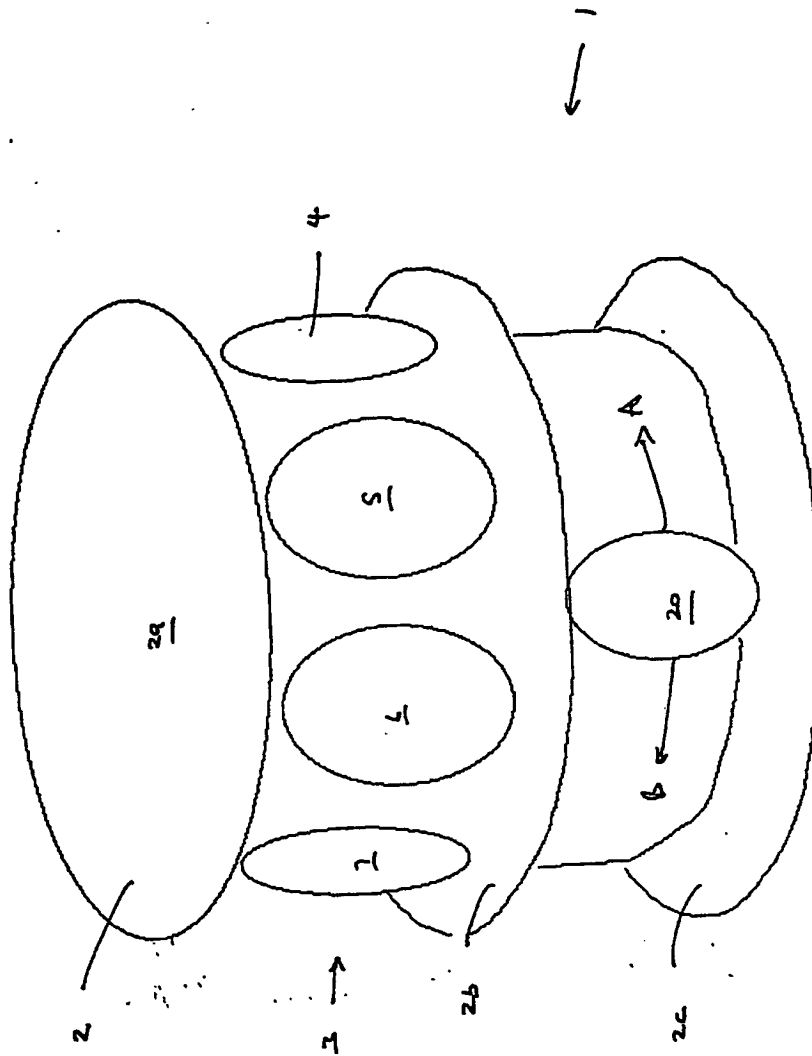


FIGURE 1

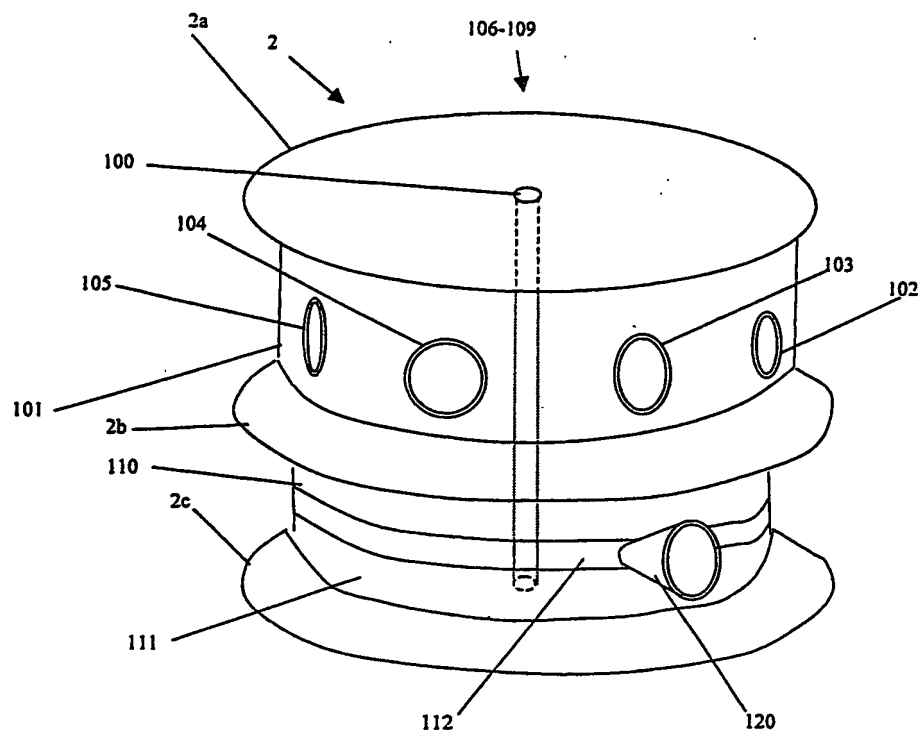


FIGURE 2

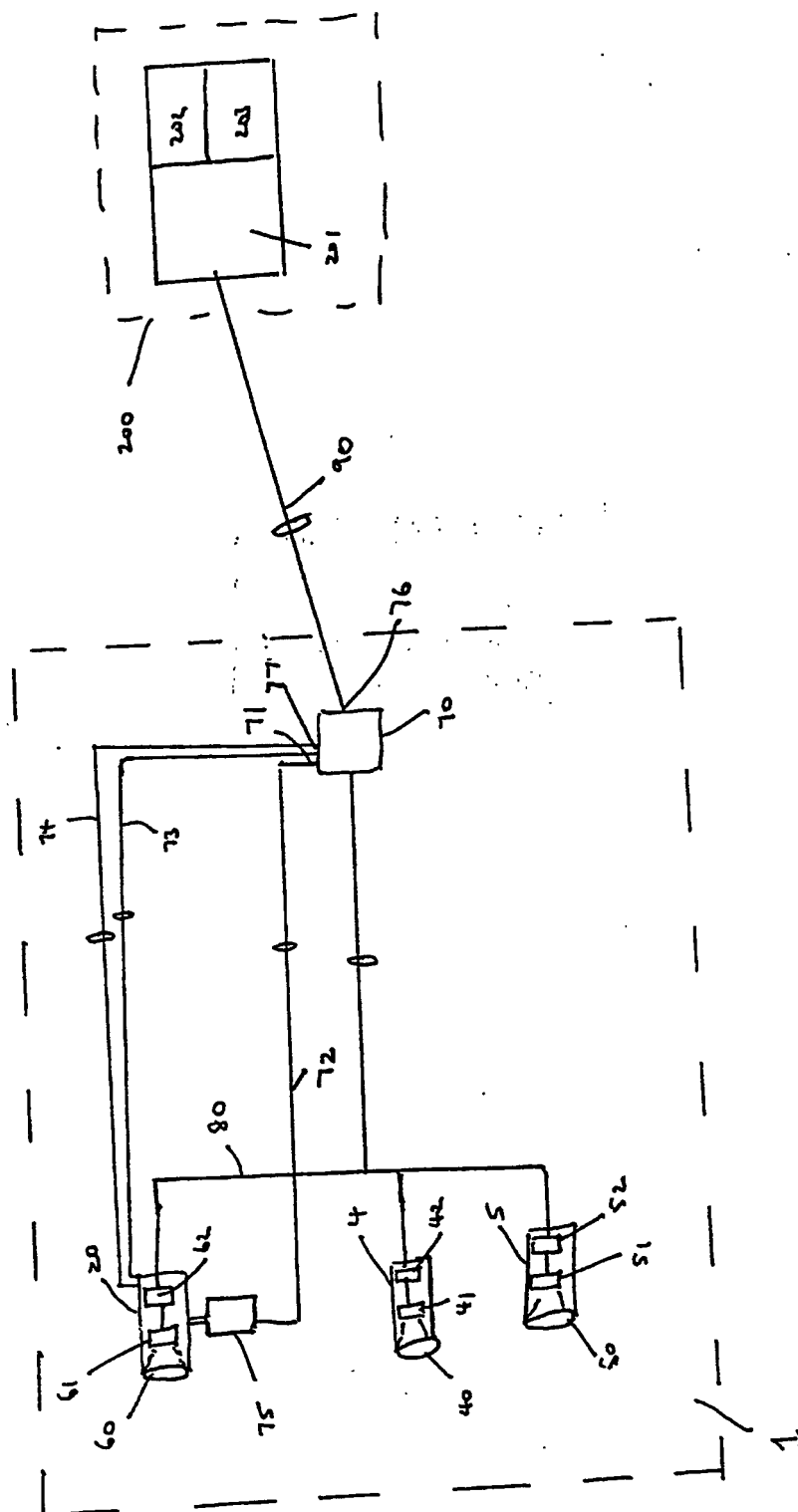
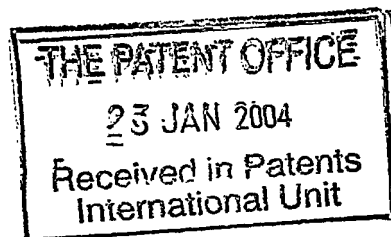
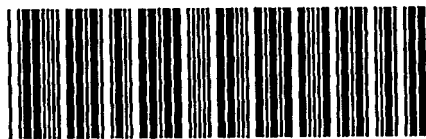


Figure 3



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